

Chapter 8. State Indicators

8-4 Fourth Grade Science Proficiency

Description

This indicator represents the proportion of a state's fourth grade students in public schools that met or exceeded the proficiency standard in science. The National Assessment Governing Board sets performance standards that provide a context for interpreting National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) results. The standards define "proficiency," as well as "advanced" and "basic" accomplishment. For the fourth grade, the basic level (scores 131–166) denotes partial mastery of knowledge and skills that are prerequisite for proficient work. The proficient level (167–223) represents solid academic performance and demonstrates competency over challenging subject-matter knowledge. The advanced level (224–300) signifies superior performance.

The National Center for Education Statistics has determined that achievement levels were to be used on a trial basis and should be interpreted with caution. However, both the Commissioner of Education Statistics and the National Assessment Governing Board state these performance standards are useful for understanding trends in student achievement.

Approximately 151,500 fourth grade students in 8,780 schools participated in the 2009 NAEP science assessment. Students with disabilities or limited English-language proficiency are allowed to use certain accommodations (e.g., extra testing time or individual rather than group administration). All data presented here represent scores from tests taken with accommodations offered.

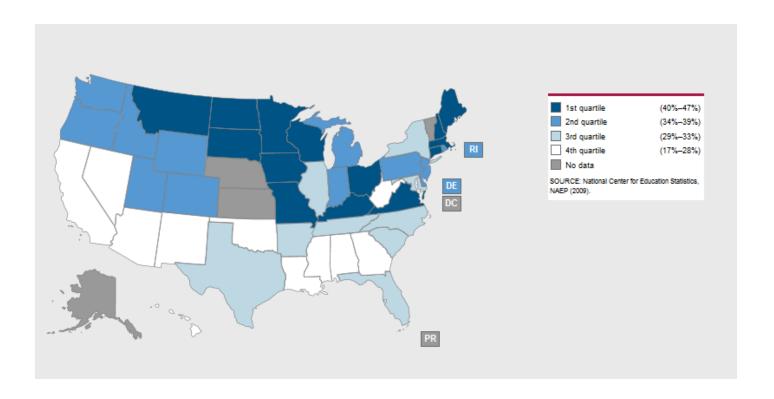
Findings

- In 2009, 32% of fourth grade students nationwide performed at or above the proficient level in science.
- Proficiency varied significantly across states, ranging from 17% to 47%.
- Nationally, the percentage of fourth grade white public school students demonstrating proficient performance in science was 46% in 2009 compared to 10% for black students, a gap of 36 percentage points, and 13% for Hispanic students, a gap of 33 percentage points, based upon racial classifications provided by the schools.
- In 2009, 34% of male students demonstrated proficient performance in science compared to 31% of female students.



8-4 Fourth Grade Science Proficiency

Year: 2009

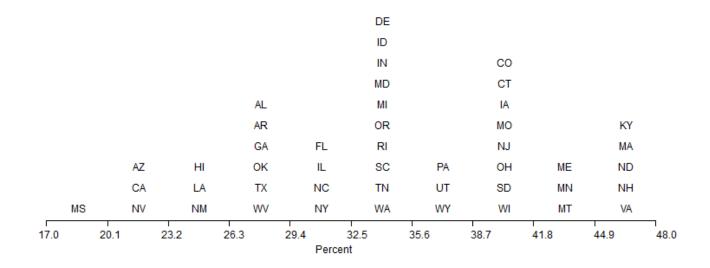




8-4 Fourth Grade Science Proficiency

Year: 2009

Distribution of states across indicator values



Histograms do not display states with extreme values. Please consult the data tables for exact indicator values for each state.



Chapter 8. State Indicators



Table 8-4 Fourth Grade Science Proficiency

	4th grade science proficiency, all students (Percent)
State	2009
United States	32
Alabama	27
Alaska	NA
Arizona	22
Arkansas	29
California	22
Colorado	39
Connecticut	40
Delaware	34
District of Columbia	NA
Florida	32
Georgia	27
Hawaii	25
Idaho	35
Illinois	32
Indiana	35
Iowa	41
Kansas	NA NA
Kentucky	45
Louisiana	25
Maine	42
Maryland	33
Massachusetts	45
Michigan	34
Minnesota	43



	4th grade science proficiency, all students (Percent)
State	2009
Mississippi	17
Missouri	40
Montana	43
Nebraska	NA
Nevada	23
New Hampshire	47
New Jersey	39
New Mexico	24
New York	30
North Carolina	30
North Dakota	45
Ohio	41
Oklahoma	28
Oregon	34
Pennsylvania	38
Rhode Island	34
South Carolina	33
South Dakota	40
Tennessee	33
Texas	29
Utah	38
Vermont	NA
Virginia	46
Washington	35
West Virginia	28
Wisconsin	41
Wyoming	37



	4th grade science proficiency, all students (Percent)
State	2009
NA = not available. NOTES: The National Assessment of Education (NAEP) scores are for public schools only. The for the United States is the reported value in reports.	e national value Science and Engineering Indicators 2016